



Serving Children in Afterschool during COVID-19 Pandemic

Can I serve children of essential workers?

SAC: this funding stream allows for 'child care' to be provided to children of essential workers. They did not have to be enrolled in the program previously.

21st CCLC: this funding stream will not allow for 'child care' to be provided to children of essential workers. Rather, it will allow for the typical 21st CCLC academic activities to be provided to children of essential workers. They did not have to be enrolled in the program previously; however, you will need to enroll the new students in the program and record attendance in Kids Care Center (KCC).

Can money from the CARES Act support afterschool?

The CARES Act is only available to LEAs. One allowable use of those dollars is Title IV, Part B (21st CCLC). If a school chooses to use a portion of the CARES Act money for afterschool programming it may do so as long as it provides services from the list of allowable activities of 21st CCLC, see below. The school/district does not have to be a current 21st CCLC grantee.

1. Academic enrichment learning programs, mentoring programs, remedial education activities, and tutoring services that are aligned with the challenging State academic standards and any local academic standards; and local curricula that are designed to improve student academic achievement;
2. Well-rounded education activities, including such activities that enable students to be eligible for credit recovery or attainment;
3. Literacy education programs, including financial literacy programs and environmental literacy programs;
4. Service-learning;
5. Youth development activities;
6. Programs that support a healthy and active lifestyle, including nutritional education and regular, structured physical activity programs;
7. Services for individuals with disabilities;
8. Programs that provide after-school activities for students who are English learners that emphasize language skills and academic achievement;
9. Cultural programs;
10. Telecommunications and technology education programs;
11. Expanded library service hours;
12. Parenting skills programs that promote parental involvement and family literacy;
13. Programs that provide assistance to students who have been truant, suspended, or expelled to allow the students to improve their academic achievement;
14. Drug and violence prevention programs and counseling programs;
15. Programs that build skills in science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM), including computer science, and that foster innovation in learning by supporting nontraditional STEM education teaching methods;
16. Internship or apprenticeship programs; and
17. Programs that partner with in-demand fields of the local workforce or build career competencies and career readiness and ensure that local workforce and career readiness skills are aligned with the Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education Act of 2006 and the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act.

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